## Exercise Block 2

\#1. Read and transcribe the following groups of words. Compare the contrasted consonant phonemes.
rip — rib, tap — tab; live — life, save — safe;
bet — bed, sight - side; said — zed, racing — raising;
dog — dock, bug — buck; rich — ridge, search — surge;
verse - worse, vet - wet; sun - sung, ran - rung.
\#2. Read and transcribe the following words. State the difference in corresponding paired consonant allophones.
pork - rope fork - corn chance - cheese
bark — robe
drive - vim
just - gist
side - done
they - bathe
dim — lamp
set - ton
his - zone
tin — sent
dog - gone
all - leave
right - trap when - twelve
\#3. Read and transcribe the following pairs of words. Do the discriminative sounds present different phonemes or variants of the same phoneme? Prove your opinion.
main — mine buck - book bill—pill tie — fie
cart - caught got - hot bad - bed buy - die
chin - tin pole - pearl kit - fit money - honey
page - cage ban — bang tool - pull kiss — case
choice - voice word - ward bid — bead believe - belief
\#4. Read the following pairs of words. Transcribe them, paying attention to the highlighted letters. Do the corresponding
sounds present different phonemes or allophones? Explain your point of view. Which variant do you consider to be principal? Why?
$\begin{array}{lll}\text { fly — roof } & \text { thorn — eighth } & \text { dweller — doer } \\ \text { tree — ray } & \text { scream — say } & \text { blow — bottle } \\ \text { sweat — wait } & \text { fat — tame } & \text { past — happen }\end{array}$
\#5. State whether the mistakes are phonological or phonetic. Prove your opinion with the help of examples. Consider the following:

1) in articulation and speech perception errors [w] is replaced by [v];
2) in articulation and perception errors [h] is replaced by the Russian [x];
$3)$ in articulation and speech perception errors $[\theta, \delta]$ are replaced by [s, z];
3) in the initial position before a vowel aspirated $[\mathrm{p}, \mathrm{t}, \mathrm{k}]$ are replaced by non-aspirated ones;
4) in articulation and perception errors [ $\mathrm{t}, \mathrm{d}$ ] are replaced by the Russian [т, д];
5) in articulation and perception errors [r] is replaced by the Russian [p];
6) in the final position the 'dark' shade of [1] is replaced by the 'clear' variant;
7) in articulation and speech perception errors $[\theta, ð]$ are replaced by [f, v].
\#6. Give the phonemic transcription of the following words and word-combinations. Try to give allophonic transcriptions. Comment on the peculiarities of the specified sounds.

- [k]: thick, cat, cask, a black cap;
- [1]: dull, light, lure;
- [p]: park, play, ape, a cold pie;
- [n, $\delta]$ : go on, no way, on the shelf, this time;
- [r]: ripe, far, war and peace.
\#7. Use the procedure of commutation test for the following words. Find minimal pairs with different meaning. State the type of phonological opposition in each case.

| kite | but | bat |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| time | show | veil |
| bake | pit | tea |

\#8. Read the following pairs of words. Transcribe the sounds corresponding with the letters in bold. State the number of phonological oppositions in every pair.
pool - pull far - four
bay — may
fast - vast
pay - they
my - may
pay - bay
seat - seem
chop - top
fit — feet

## Exercise Block 3

\#1. Make sure that you remember all English consonant phonemes. Fill in the following table.

